# **SureCross Performance FlexPower Node**

Configurable FlexPower Node with discrete and thermocouple I/O





The SureCross® wireless system is a radio frequency network with integrated I/O that can operate in most environments and eliminate the need for wiring runs. Wireless networks are formed around a Gateway, which acts as the wireless network master device, and one or more Nodes.

- Wireless industrial I/O device with up to two selectable discrete inputs, one NMOS discrete output, and four thermocouple inputs (defaults to J-type)
- One thermistor input used for integrated cold junction compensation (CJC)
- Selectable transmit power levels of 250 mW or 1 Watt and license-free operation up to 4 watt EIRP, with a high-gain antenna, in the U.S. and Canada for 900 MHz
- FlexPower® power options allows for +10 to 30V dc, solar, and battery power sources for low power applications.
- DIP switches for user configuration
- Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) technology and Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) control architecture ensure reliable data delivery within the unlicensed Industrial, Scientific, and Medical (ISM) band
- Transceivers provide bidirectional communication between the Gateway and Node, including fully acknowledged data transmission
- Lost RF links are detected and relevant outputs set to user-defined conditions

For additional information, the most recent version of all documentation, and a complete list of accessories, refer to Banner Engineering's website, www.bannerengineering.com/surecross.

Models	Frequency	Power	Housing	1/0
DX80N9X2S-P3	900 MHz ISM	10 to 30V dc or battery supply module	IP67, NEMA 6	
DX80N9X1S-P3E	Band	10 to 30V dc or integrated battery	IP54, NEMA 4	Inputs: Two selectable discrete, four thermocouple, one thermistor for CJC
DX80N2X2S-P3	2.4 GHz ISM	10 to 30V dc or battery supply module	IP67, NEMA 6	Outputs: One NMOS sinking discrete
DX80N2X1S-P3E	Band	10 to 30V dc or integrated battery	IP54, NEMA 4	



DX80...C (IP20; NEMA 1) models are also available. To order this model with an IP20 housing, add a C to the end of the model number: DX80N9X2S-P3C.

The integrated battery models are also available without batteries. If you purchase a model without the battery, Banner Engineering recommends using the XENO XL-205F battery or equivalent. For DX99 models, only a XENO XL-205F battery is certified.



#### WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does NOT include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or denergized sensor output condition.



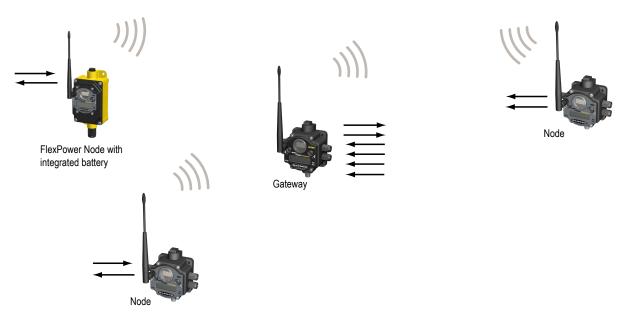
### Important: Never Operate 1 Watt Radios Without Antennas.

To avoid damaging the radio circuitry, never power up SureCross Performance or SureCross MultiHop (1 Watt) radios without an antenna.

## The SureCross® Performance Wireless Network

The SureCross® Performance wireless I/O network provides reliable monitoring without the burden of wiring or conduit installation. The SureCross wireless network can operate independently or in conjunction with a host system, PLC, and/or PC software.

Each wireless network system consists of one Gateway and one or more Nodes. Devices ship with factory defined inputs and outputs that may be all discrete, all analog, or a mix of discrete and analog I/O.



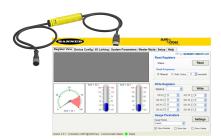
The SureCross® Performance network is a deterministic system—the network identifies when the radio signal is lost and drives relevant outputs to user-defined conditions. Once the radio signal is reacquired, the network returns to normal operation.

# SureCross® Performance Gateways and Nodes

A **Gateway** is the master device within each radio network. Every wireless network must have one Gateway that schedules communication traffic and controls the I/O configuration for the network. A radio network contains only one Gateway, but can contain many Nodes. Similar to how a gateway device on a wired network acts as a "portal" between networks, the SureCross Gateway acts as the portal between the wireless network and the host controller. When the Gateway, using its Modbus RTU RS-485 connection, is a Modbus slave to a Modbus RTU host controller, the wireless network may contain up to 47 Nodes in a single wireless network and the Gateway holds the Modbus registers of all wireless devices within the network.

A **Node** is a wireless network end-point device used to provide sensing capability in a remote area or factory. The Node collects data from sensors and communicates the data back to the Gateway. Nodes are available in a wide variety of power or input/output options. Each Node device can be connected to sensors or output devices and reports I/O status to the Gateway.

# **SureCross User Configuration Tool**



The User Configuration Tool (UCT) offers an easy way to link I/O points in your wireless network, view I/O register values graphically, and set system communication parameters when a host system is not part of the wireless network.

The UCT requires a special USB to RS-485 (model number BWA-UCT-900 for 1 Watt radios, BWA-HW-006 can be used for all other radios) converter cable to pass information between your computer and the Gateway. Download the most recent revisions of the UCT software from Banner Engineering's website: <a href="http://www.bannerengineering.com/wireless">http://www.bannerengineering.com/wireless</a>.

# **Setting Up Your Wireless Network**

To set up and install your wireless network, follow these steps:

- 1. Configure the DIP switches of all devices.
- 2. Connect the sensors to the SureCross devices.

- 3. Apply power to all devices.
- 4. Form the wireless network. For binding instructions, refer to the product manual.
- 5. Observe the LED behavior to verify the devices are communicating with each other.
- 6. Conduct a site survey between the Gateway and Nodes. For site survey instructions, refer to the product manual.
- 7. Install your wireless sensor network components. For installation instructions, refer to the product manual.

For additional information, including installation and setup, weatherproofing, device menu maps, troubleshooting, and a list of accessories, refer to one of the following product manuals.

- SureCross Quick Start Guide: Banner part number 128185
- SureCross Wireless I/O Network Manual: 132607
- Web Configurator Manual (used with "Pro" and DX83 models): 134421
- Host Configuration Manual 132114

## **Configuring the DIP Switches**

Before making any changes to the DIP switch positions, disconnect the power. For devices with batteries integrated into the housing, remove the battery for at least one minute. DIP switch changes will not be recognized if power isn't cycled to the device.

### Accessing the Internal DIP Switches

To access the internal DIP switches, follow these steps:

- 1. Unscrew the four screws that mount the cover to the bottom housing.
- 2. Remove the cover from the housing without damaging the ribbon cable or the pins the cable plugs into.
- 3. Gently unplug the ribbon cable from the board mounted into the bottom housing. For integrated battery models (no ribbon cable) and Class I, Division 2 certified devices (ribbon cable is glued down), skip this step.
- 4. Remove the black cover plate from the bottom of the device's cover. The DIP switches are located behind the rotary dials.

After making the necessary changes to the DIP switches, place the black cover plate back into position and gently push into place. Plug the ribbon cable in after verifying that the blocked hole lines up with the missing pin. Mount the cover back onto the housing.

### **DIP Switch Settings**

	Switches							
Device Settings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Transmit power level: 1 Watt (30 dBm)	OFF*							
Transmit power level: 250 mW (24 dBm), DX80 compatibility mode	ON							
Temp °Fahrenheit		OFF*						
Temp °Celsius		ON						
High resolution (0.1 degree) **			OFF*					
Low resolution (1 degree)			ON					
Discrete sinking inputs				OFF*				
Discrete sourcing inputs				ON				
Thermocouple, J-Type					OFF*	OFF*	OFF*	OFF*
Thermocouple, B-Type					OFF	OFF	OFF	ON

	Switches							
Device Settings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Thermocouple, C-Type					OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Thermocouple, D-Type					OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Thermocouple, E-Type					OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Thermocouple, G-Type					OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Thermocouple, K-Type					OFF	ON	ON	OFF
Thermocouple, L-Type					OFF	ON	ON	ON
Thermocouple, M-Type					ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Thermocouple, N-Type					ON	OFF	OFF	ON
Thermocouple, P-Type					ON	OFF	ON	OFF
Thermocouple, R-Type					ON	OFF	ON	ON
Thermocouple, S-Type					ON	ON	OFF	OFF
Thermocouple, T-Type					ON	ON	OFF	ON
Thermocouple, U-Type					ON	ON	ON	OFF
Host configured (overrides DIP switches)					ON	ON	ON	ON

<sup>\*</sup> Default configuration

### **Discrete Input Type**

Select the type of discrete input sensors to use with this device: sourcing (PNP) sensors or sinking (NPN) sensors.

### **Host Configured**

Selecting "Host Configured (override switches)" uses the factory's default configuration for this device or allows a host system to set parameters. If the host configured option is not selected, use the DIP switches to configure the device parameters.

### **Temperature Resolution**

When set to high resolution, temperature values are stored to the nearest tenth (0.1) of a degree (default position). To measure temperatures above 1600 degrees Fahrenheit or 1600 degrees Celsius, switch the DIP switch to the ON position and use low resolution mode. In high resolution, the device cannot store values larger than 1600.

### **Temperature Units**

Use the DIP switch to specify if the temperature is stored in degrees Fahrenheit or Celsius. The default position is OFF, setting the temperature to Fahrenheit. For Celsius measurements, set this switch to the ON position.

### Thermocouple Type

Use DIP switches 5, 6, 7, and 8 to select the thermocouple type. The default position is the OFF position for all switches, setting the thermocouple to a J-type thermocouple.

### **Transmit Power Levels**

The 900 MHz radios can be operated at 1 watt (30 dBm) or 250 mW (24 dBm). While the radios operate in 1 Watt mode, they cannot communicate with 150 mW DX80 radio devices. To communicate with the 150 mW radio models, operate this radio in 250 mW mode. For 2.4 GHz radios, this DIP switch is disabled. The transmit power for 2.4 GHz is fixed at about 100 mW EIRP (18 dBm), making the 2.4 GHz Performance models automatically compatible with the DX80 2.4 GHz models.

### Wiring Your SureCross® Device

Use the following wiring diagrams to first wire the sensors and then apply power to the SureCross devices.

### 5-pin Euro-Style Wiring (Nodes)

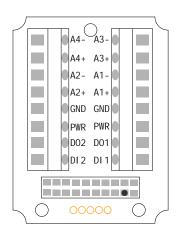
Wiring the 5-pin Euro-style connector depends on the model and power requirements of the device.

<sup>\*\*</sup> In high resolution mode, the temperature = (Modbus register value) ÷ 20. In low resolution mode, the temperature = (Modbus register value) ÷ 2.

	Wire No.	Wire Color	10 to 30V dc Powered Nodes	Battery Powered Nodes
2	1	Brown	10 to 30V dc	
	2	White		
$3( lacktriangledown lacktriangledown_5 lacktriangledown) 1$	3	Blue	dc common (GND)	dc common (GND)
	4	Black		
4	5	Gray		3.6 to 5.5V dc

Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. For FlexPower devices, do not apply more than 5.5V to the gray wire.

# Terminal Block (IP67)



Ax+ and Ax-. Analog IN x. Analog inputs for devices requiring more than one connection, such as thermocouples or RTDs. When there is no Ax-, use Ax+ as an analog input.

DIx. Discrete IN x.

DOx. Discrete OUT x.

GND. Ground/dc common connection.

PWR. Power, 10 to 30V dc power connection.

# DX80...C Wiring

Wiring power to the DX80...C models varies depending the power requirements of the model.

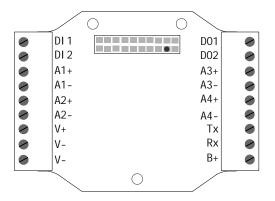
Terminal Label	Gateway, DX85 *	10 to 30V dc Powered Nodes	Battery Powered Nodes **
V+	10 to 30V dc	10 to 30V dc	
Tx/+	RS485 / D1 / B / +		
V-	dc common (GND)	dc common (GND)	dc common (GND)
Rx/-	RS485 / D0 / A / -		
B+			3.6 to 5.5V dc

<sup>\*</sup> Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage.

### Terminal Block (IP20)

For the DX8x...C models, PWR in the wiring diagram refers to V+ on the wiring board and GND in the wiring diagram refers to V- on the wiring board.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For FlexPower devices, do not apply more than 5.5V to the gray wire.



Ax+ and Ax-. Analog IN x. Analog inputs for devices requiring more than one connection, such as thermocouples or RTDs. When there is no Ax-, use Ax+ as an analog input.

B+. 3.6 to 5.5V dc (for battery powered models only).

DIx. Discrete IN x.

DOx. Discrete OUT x.

GND. Ground/dc common connection.

PWR. Power, 10 to 30V dc power connection.

RX/-. Serial comms line

TX/+. Serial comms line

V+. Power, 10 to 30V dc power connection.

V-. Ground/dc common connection.

### Wiring for DX80...E Radios

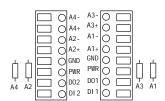
Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage.

The integrated battery DX80...E radios may also be powered by 10 to 30V dc. The power for the sensors can be supplied by the radio's SPx terminals or from the 10 to 30V dc used to power the radio.

		Integrated battery (RS-485) (P1E, M-H1E Models)	Integrated battery (RS-232) (P3E, P4E, M-H3E, M-H4E Models)
1 2 3 4 BAT	1	10 to 30V dc (optional)	10 to 30V dc (optional)
	2	RS-485 / D1 / B / +	RS-232 Tx
00000	3	dc common (GND)	dc common (GND)
XL-205F 3.6V	4	RS-485 / D0 / A / -	RS-232 Rx

The BAT connection is a low voltage connection to the internal battery. Remove the internal battery if a low voltage source is connected to the BAT terminal. When powering the device from the integrated battery, the BAT connection must remain open.

### Terminal Block (IP54)



Ax+ and Ax-. Analog IN x. Analog inputs for devices requiring more than one connection, such as thermocouples or RTDs. When there is no Ax-, use Ax+ as an analog input.

DIx. Discrete IN x.

DOx. Discrete OUT x.

GND. Ground/dc common connection.

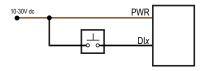
PWR. Power, 10 to 30V dc power connection.

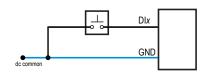
## Wiring Diagrams for Discrete Inputs

Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. For the DX8x...C models, PWR in the wiring diagram refers to V+ on the wiring board and GND in the wiring diagram refers to V- on the wiring board.

### **Discrete Input Wiring for PNP Sensors**

**Discrete Input Wiring for NPN Sensors** 

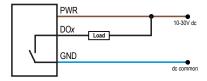




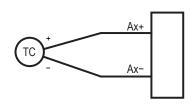
# Wiring Diagrams for Discrete Outputs

Connecting dc power to the communication pins will cause permanent damage. For the DX8x...C models, PWR in the wiring diagram refers to V+ on the wiring board and GND in the wiring diagram refers to V- on the wiring board.

### **Discrete Output Wiring (NPN or NMOS)**



### Wiring Diagram for Thermocouple Inputs



Thermocouple: When wiring the thermocouple, x is the same number. For example, a thermocouple is wired to A1+ and A1-.

# Supported Thermocouple Types

The thermocouple Node is configured, by default, to use J-type thermocouples. The following thermocouples are available by configuring the Node.

Thermocouple	Range °F	Range °C
Type B	212 to 3,272 °F	100 to 1,800 °C
Type C	32 to 4,208 °F	0 to 2,320 °C
Type E	-58 to 1,832 °F	-50 to 1,000 °C
Type J	-292 to 1,382 °F	-180 to 750 °C
Type K	-292 to 2,282 °F	-180 to 1,250 °C
Type L	-328 to 1,652 °F	-200 to 900 °C
Type N	32 to 2,192 °F	0 to 1,200 °C
Type R	32 to 2,912 °F	0 to 1,600 °C
Type S	32 to 2,642 °F	0 to 1,450 °C
Type T	-238 to 752 °F	-150 to 400 °C
Type U	-148 to 1,112 °F	-100 to 600 °C

### **LED Behavior for the Nodes**

After powering up and binding the Gateway and its Nodes, verify all devices are communicating properly. A Node will not sample its inputs until it is communicating with the Gateway to which it is bound. When testing communication between the Gateway and Node,

verify all radios and antennas are at least two meters apart or the communications may fail. This table lists the LED behavior for the Node models with two LEDs.

LED 1	LED 2	Node Status
(green flashing, 1/sec)		Radio Link Ok
(red flashing)	(red flashing, 1/sec)	Device Error
	(red flashing, 1 per 3 sec)	No Radio Link

# Mixing Performance and Non-Performance Radios in the Same Network

To comply with federal regulations, the 150 mW radios and 1 Watt radios communicate differently. To mix Performance radios with non-Performance radios:

- Performance radios must operate in 250 mW mode, not 1 Watt mode (DIP switch 1 ON)
- Non-Performance radios must be set to use Extended Address Mode (DIP switch 1 ON)

For more detailed instructions about setting up your wireless network, refer to the Quick Start Guide, Banner document number 128185. For more information about using Performance and non-Performance radios within the same network, refer the technical note titled *Mixing Performance Radios and 150 mW Radios in the Same Network*listed on the FAQ/Knowledgebase section of Banner's Wireless Sensor Networks website.

# Storage Mode and Sleep Mode

While in **storage mode**, the radio does not operate. All SureCross® radios powered from an integrated battery ship from the factory in storage mode to conserve the battery. To wake the device, press and hold button 1 for five seconds. To put any FlexPower® or integrated battery SureCross radio into storage mode, press and hold button 1 for five seconds. The radio is in storage mode when the LEDs stop blinking, but in some models, the LCD remains on for an additional minute after the radio enters storage mode. After a device has entered storage mode, you must wait one minute before waking it.

During normal operation, the SureCross radio devices enter **sleep mode** after 15 minutes of operation. The radio continues to function, but the LCD goes blank. To wake the device, press any button.

# Modbus Register Table (High Resolution Mode)

I/O	Modbus Holding Register		Modbus Holding Register I/O Type Units		I/O Range		Holding Register Value		Terminal Block La-
	Gateway	Any Node			Min. Temp	Max. Temp	Min. (Dec.)	Max. (Dec.)	bels
1	1	1 + (Node# × 16)	Thermocouple IN 1	°F/°C					A1+/A1-
2	2	2 + (Node# × 16)	Thermocouple IN 2	°F/°C		+1638.4	-32768	32767	A2+/A2-
3	3	3 + (Node# × 16)	Thermocouple IN 3	°F/°C	-1638.3				A3+/A3-
4	4	4 + (Node# × 16)	Thermocouple IN 4	°F/°C					A4+/A4-
5	5	5 + (Node# × 16)	Thermistor IN	°F/°C					(on board)
6	6	6 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete IN 1, 2 *	-	0	3	0	3	DI1, DI2
7	7	7 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved						
8	8	8 + (Node# × 16)	Device Message						
9	9	9 + (Node# × 16)	Discrete OUT 1	-	0	1	0	1	DO1
15	15	15 + (Node# × 16)	Control Message						

I/O	Modbus	Holding Register	I/O Type	Units	I/O Range		Holding Register Value		Terminal Block La-
	Gateway	Any Node			Min. Temp	Max. Temp	Min. (Dec.)	Max. (Dec.)	bels
16	16	16 + (Node# × 16)	Reserved						

In high resolution mode, the temperature = (Modbus register value)  $\div$  20. In low resolution mode, the temperature is (Modbus register value)  $\div$  2.

Temperature values are stored as signed values in the Modbus register. A 0 in the register is interpreted as 0°; and -32767 (65535 unsigned) in the register (0xFFFF) is interpreted as  $-1 \div 20 = -0.05^{\circ}$  in high resolution mode and  $-1 \div 2 = -0.5^{\circ}$  in low resolution mode.

\* The discrete inputs 1 and 2 are bit-packed into register 6, with discrete IN 1 using bit 0 and discrete IN 2 using bit 1. Because the two discrete INs are bit packed, only discrete IN 1 may be mapped using the User Configuration Tool. To use both discrete inputs you must use a host system.

# **Integrated Battery Replacement (DX80...E Models)**

For outside or high humidity environments, conductive grease may be applied to the battery terminals to prevent moisture and corrosion buildup. To replace the lithium "D" cell battery in any integrated housing model, follow these steps.



- 1. Remove the four screws mounting the face plate to the housing and remove the face plate. Do not remove the radio cover from the face plate.
- 2. Remove the discharged battery and replace with a new battery. Only use a 3.6V lithium battery from Xeno, model number XL-205F.
- 3. Verify the battery's positive and negative terminals align to the positive and negative terminals of the battery holder mounted within the case. Caution: There is a risk of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly.
- 4. After replacing the battery, allow up to 60 seconds for the device to power up.

Properly dispose of your used battery according to local regulations by taking it to a hazardous waste collection site, an e-waste disposal center, or other facility qualified to accept lithium batteries. As with all batteries, these are a fire, explosion, and severe burn hazard. Do not burn or expose them to high temperatures. Do not recharge, crush, disassemble, or expose the contents to water.

Replacement battery model number: BWA-BATT-001. For pricing and availability, contact Banner Engineering.

# **Specifications**

#### Radio General Radio Range Power\* 900 MHz (1 Watt): Up to 9.6 kilometers (6 miles) \* DX80 and DX80...C Model Requirements: +10 to 30V dc or 3.6 to 5.5V dc low power option (For European 2.4 GHz: Up to 3.2 kilometers (2 miles) \* applications: +10 to 24V dc, ± 10% or 3.6 to 5.5V dc **Radio Transmit Power** low power option) 900 MHz (1 Watt): 30 dBm conducted (up to 36 dBm DX80...E Model Requirements: 3.6V dc low power option from an internal battery or 10 to 30V dc 2.4 GHz: 18 dBm conducted, less than or equal to 20 900 MHz Consumption: Maximum current draw is <40 dBm EIRP mA and typical current draw is <30 mA at 24V dc. (2.4 900 MHz Compliance (1 Watt Radios) GHz consumption is less.) FCC ID UE3RM1809: This device complies with FCC Housing Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247 Polycarbonate housing and rotary dial cover; polyester IC: 7044A-RM1809 labels; EDPM rubber cover gasket; nitrile rubber, non-2.4 GHz Compliance sulphur cured button covers FCC ID UE300DX80-2400 - This device complies with Weight: 0.26 kg (0.57 lbs) FCC Part 15, Subpart C, 15.247

### Radio General

ETSI/EN: In accordance with EN 300 328: V1.7.1

(2006-05) IC: 7044A-DX8024

### **Spread Spectrum Technology**

FHSS (Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum)

#### **Antenna Connection**

Ext. Reverse Polarity SMA, 50 Ohms Max Tightening Torque: 0.45 N·m (4 in·lbf)

### **Link Timeout**

Gateway: Configurable Node: Defined by Gateway

\* With the 2 dB antenna that ships with the product. High-gain antennas are available, but the range depends on the environment and line of sight. To determine the range of your wireless network, perform a Site Survey.

DX80 and DX80...C Mounting: #10 or M5 (SS M5 hard-

ware included)

DX80...E Mounting: 1/4-inch or M7 (SS M7 hardware

included)

Max. Tightening Torque: 0.56 N·m (5 in·lbf)

#### Interface

Indicators: Two bi-color LEDs

Buttons: Two

Display: Six character LCD

### Wiring Access

DX80: Four PG-7, One 1/2-inch NPT, One 5-pin Euro-

style male connector
DX80...C: External terminals
DX80...E: Two 1/2-inch NPT

\* For European applications, power the DX80 from a Limited Power Source as defined in EN 60950-1.

# Inputs Outputs

#### **Discrete Input**

Rating: 3 mA max current at 30V dc

Sample Rate: 1 second

Report Rate: On change of state

Discrete Input ON Condition

PNP: Greater than 8V NPN: Less than 0.7V

Discrete Input OFF Condition

PNP: Less than 5V

NPN: Greater than 2V or open

### Thermocouple Inputs

Sample Rate: 8 seconds Report Rate: 32 seconds

Accuracy: 0.1% of full scale reading + 0.8° C Resolution: 0.1° C, 24-bit A/D converter

### Thermistor (used for CJC)

Model: BWA-THERMISTOR-001

Accuracy: 0.4° C (10 to 50° C); Up to 0.8° C (-40 to

+85° C)

Resolution: 0.1° C, 24-bit A/D converter

# Discrete Output

Update Rate: 1 second ON Condition: Less than 0.7V OFF Condition: Open

### **Discrete Output Rating (Performance NMOS)**

Less than 1 A max current at 30V dc

ON-State Saturation: Less than 0.7V at 20 mA

### **Output State Following Timeout**

De-energized (OFF)

## Environmental

### Rating

DX80 models:IEC IP67; NEMA 6; (See UL section below for any applicable UL specifications)

DX80...C models: IEC IP20, NEMA 1 DX80...E models: IEC IP54; NEMA 4

#### **Conditions**

Operating Temperature (P3 and P3C models): -40 to +85° C (Electronics); -20 to +80° C (LCD)

Operating Temperature (P3E model): -40 to +65° C

### **Shock and Vibration**

IEC 68-2-6 and IEC 68-2-7

Shock: 30g, 11 millisecond half sine wave, 18 shocks

Vibration: 0.5 mm p-p, 10 to 60 Hz

Refer to the SureCross® DX80 Wireless I/O Network product manual, Banner p/n 132607, for installation and waterproofing instructions. Operating the devices at the maximum operating conditions for extended periods can shorten the life of the device.

### **Environmental**

Operating Humidity: 95% max. relative (non-condens-

ing)

Radiated Immunity: 10 V/m, 80-2700 MHz

(EN61000-6-2)

### Included with Model

The following items ship with the DX80 radios.

- BWA-HW-002: DX80 Access Hardware Kit, containing four PG-7 plastic threaded plugs, four PG-7 nylon gland fittings, four PG-7 hex nuts, one 1/2-inch NPT plug, and one 1/2-inch nylon gland fitting. (Not included with IP20 DX80...C models)
- BWA-HW-001: Mounting Hardware Kit, containing four M5-0.8 x 25mm SS screws, four M5-0.8 x 16mm SS screws, four M5-0.8mm SS hex nuts, and four #8-32 x 3/4" SS bolts
- BWA-HW-003: PTFE tape
- BWA-9O2-C (900 MHz) or BWA-2O2-C (2.4 GHz): Antenna, 2 dBd Omni, Rubber Swivel RP-SMA Male. (Not included with Internal
  antenna models)
- Quick Start Guide (128185 for DX80 Gateways or 152653 for MultiHop models)
- MQDC1-506: 5-Euro (single ended) straight cable, 2m (Not included with FlexPower devices)
- BWA-HW-011: IP20 Screw Terminal Headers (2 pack) (Included only with the IP20 DX80...C models)

# **Warnings**

The manufacturer does not take responsibility for the violation of any warning listed in this document.

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